

**Functions : Part 3 - Function Arithmetic**

You can add, subtract, multiply, and divide functions just as you would with numbers. Not only that, but you can use function arithmetic when defining functions or when using functions in equations.



Here are two functions:

hand(x) = $2x + 1$

foot(x) = $3x + 5$



Here is an equation using these definitions:

$3 \text{ hand}(x) = \text{foot}(x) + 1$



Here is the same equation with the two definitions substituted in.

$3 \text{ hand}(x) = \text{foot}(x) + 1$

$3(2x + 1) = 3x + 4$ Substitute



How about a third function defined using hand(x) and foot(x):

elbow(x) = $\frac{\text{hand}(x)}{x} + \sqrt{x \text{ foot}(x)}$



You can evaluate this new function:

elbow(3)

elbow(3) = 8.8141 Calculate



Or, you can substitute 3 into this function...or rather, substitute this function into an expression:

elbow(3)

elbow(3) = $\frac{1}{3} \text{ hand}(3) + \sqrt{3 \text{ foot}(3)}$ Substitute



And then substitute hand and foot in:

elbow(3)

elbow(3) = $\frac{1}{3} \text{ hand}(3) + \sqrt{3 \text{ foot}(3)}$

elbow(3) = $\sqrt{42} + \frac{7}{3}$ Substitute



And then calculate the resulting expression:

elbow(3)

elbow(3) = $\frac{1}{3} \text{ hand}(3) + \sqrt{3 \text{ foot}(3)}$

elbow(3) = $\sqrt{42} + \frac{7}{3}$

elbow(3) = 8.8141 Calculate



Now It's Your Turn... Follow the directions below to get hands on experience.



1.

Declare several functions as follows:

$$\text{ohio}(x) = 3x - 1$$

$$\text{utah}(x) = x + 2$$

$$\text{iowa}(x) = -x + 3$$

$$\text{states}(x) = \frac{\text{ohio}(x) \text{utah}(x)}{\text{iowa}(x)}$$

$$\text{asymptote}(x) = -3x - 5$$

Graph $\text{states}(x)$ and $\text{asymptote}(x)$ on the same graph.
Viewing window dimensions: $[-20, 20]$ by $[-100, 100]$.